catch; it was unfounded under the rule laid down in the award by the Geneva Tribunal.

Mr. Dingley (Rep., Me.) reviewed the circumstances which led up to the present situation, and said that we were confronted with an alternative either horn of which was an evil. On the one hand, if we vote to pay the amount proposed by the State Department, we would be paying an extravagant and unjustifiable sum. On the other hand, if the question of damages were submitted to a commission, the umpire to be from a foreign government, no one could tell what the result would be Justice, however, would make a much smaller measure of damages than it is preposed to pay.

Mr. Breckinridge closed the debate on the amendment with an appeal that the award be paid.

On the rising vote the amendment was defeated—ayes, 41; noes, 33, and the amendment was adopted for the time being as in Committee of the Whole.

The committee then rose and the bill was reported to the Henry of the ported to the Henry of the process of the payer.

Whole. The committee then rose and the bill was reported to the House. It was agreed that all the amendments should be adopted as a whole except the extra compensation for clerks and the payment of the Behring Sea award. Upon this latter question the yeas and nays were demanded, and it was

tion the yeas and nays were demanded, and it was rejected—yeas, 112; nays, 143; present and not voting, 5.

The following Democrats voted against paying the money Messrs, Abbott (Tex.), Arnold (Mo.), Bartlett (N. Y.), Brookshire (Ind.), Campbell (N. Y.), Cambetti (Cal.), Capehart (W. Va.), Clark (Mo.), Cockrell (Tex.), Coffeen (Wyo.), Cooper (Tex.), Cox (Tenn.), Crawford (N. C.), be Armond (Mo.), Dockery (Mo.), Edmunds (Va.), Fyan (Mo.), Gearly (Cal.), Grady (N. C.), Hare (Ohio), Hunter (Ill.), Jones (Va.), Kribbs (Penn.), Kyle (Miss.), Lane (Ill.), Lester (Ga.), Little (Ark.), Livingston (Ga.), Maddox (Ga.), Magner (N. Y.), McDearmon (Tenn.), Magnany (Ind.), Moore (Kan.), Moses (Ga.), Mutcher (Penn.), Fage (R. I.), Ritchie (Ohio), Robbins (Ala.), Shell (S. C.), Snodgrass (Tenn.), Somers (Wis.), Stone (Ky.), Strait (S. C.), Talbert (S. C.), Tate (Ga.), Taylor (Ind.), Warner (N. Y.), Wells (Wis.), Williams (Ill.) and Wolverton (Penn.), Mr. Weaver (Rep., N. Y.) voted for the appropriation, and the following were recorded as present and not voting: Democrats—Messrs, Balley (Tex.), Richardson (Tenn.), Terry (Ark.), Republicans—Messrs, Daniels (N. Y.), Gardner (N. J.), A yea and nay vote was demanded on the amendment to pay employes of the House and clerks of members an extra month's salary. It resulted: Yeas, 143; nays, 168.

Mr. Cox (Dem., Tenn.) moved to reconsider the vote, having voted yea for that purpose; and Mr. Hayes (Dem., Iowa) moved to lay the motion to reconsider on the table. A yea and nay vote was taken on this motion.

The motion to reconsider was laid on the table—Yeas, 145, nays 91.

Mr. Maddox (Dem., Ga.) moved to recommit the

taken on this motion

The motion to reconsider was laid on the table—
Yeas 145, nays 3!

Mr. Maddox (Dem., Ga.) moved to recommit the bill with instructions to omit that part providing an extra month's pay for cierks of members. The House refused—125 to 75—to second the demand for the previous question on this motion. A little ineffectual fillbustering was induked at this point, in aid of the effort to defeat the provision for a month's extra pay to employes, and the motion to recommit the bill.

The bill was then passed, the House dividing on the motion—181 to 24. Mr. Bland (Dem., Mo.) demanded the yeas and nays, but only seventeen members rose to second the demand, and the bill was declared passed amid applause.

Mr. Henderson (Dem., N. C.) presented the report of the conferrees on the Postoffice Appropriation bill. It was partial agreement only, and was agreed to. Action on the matters still in dispute was post-poned until to-morrow. The agreement reached by the conferrees confirmed the amendments put on the bill by the Senate, with one exception—that railway postal clerks hereafter appointed shall refide at some point on the life to which they are assigned, but that clerks now employed shall not be compelled to change their residences. The total amount carried by the bill is \$55.55.598.

By the terms of a joint resolution passed on motion of Mr. Bartlett (Dem., N. Y.), Gardner G.

amount carried by the bill is \$89,545,698.

By the terms of a joint resolution passed on motion of Mr. Rartlett (Dem., N. V.), Gardner G. Hubbard, of Washington, D. C., was appointed a regent of the Smithsonian Institution, vice James C. Welling, deceased.

The Indian Appropriation bill as passed by the Senate was laid before the House, and on motion of Mr. Holman (Dem., Ind.) the House non-concurred in the Senate amendments, and a conference was ordered—Messrs, Holman, Allen (Dem., Miss) and Pickler (Rep., S. D.) being named as managers.

ERRORS IN THE TARIFF LAW SECRETARY CARLISLE SENDS A LONG LIST OF

PROPOSED CORRECTIONS TO CONGRESS. Washington, Feb. 25 .- Secretary Carlisle to-day sent to Chairman Voorhees, of the Senate Finance Committee, "certain suggestions for amendments to the present Tariff law," which are designed to make more clear the intention of Congress and lessen the chances of litigation by removing the ambiguity now existing in the paragraphs referred to hereafter. Most of these suggestions originated with General Appraiser Sharretts, a few having been added by the Treasury Department, and all are transmitted for the consideration of the Finance Committee. The changes reconrmended are as follow:

in paragraph 44, relating to varnishes, after the ord "spirit" remove the comma, so it will read and on spirit varnishes for the alcohol contained

and on spirit varnishes for the alcohol contained therein," etc.

Paragraph 48, read: "All other paints, colors and pigments, whether dry or mixed, or ground in water or oil, or other solutions, including lakes, crayons, smalts and frostings, and not specially provided for in this act, and all artists' colors in tubes, 25 per cent, ad valorem." It now reads "including all colors in tubes, lakes," etc.

Paragraph 76—Bricks; the word "vitrified" is added, so as to include glazed, enamelled, vitrified, ornamented or decorated bricks dutiable at 30 per cent.

Cent.

Paragraph SS is changed so as to read: "Green and colored, moulded or pressed, and flint and limeglass bottles, vials, demijohns and carboys (covered or uncovered, and other moulded or pressed green and colored and flint or lime glassware, not specially provided for in this act, holding more than one pint, three-fourths of one cent per pound; helding not more than one pint, and not less than one-quarter of a pint, one and one-eighth cents per pound; if holding less than one-fourth of a pint, 40 cents per gross; and other plain, green and colored, moulded or pressed, and flint and lime bottle glassware, 40 per cent ad valorem." And

this act."
To paragraph 28. "spectacles, eyegiasses, goggles, opera glasses and other optical instruments and frames for the same," is added "all the foregoing except lenses wholly or partly manufactured," dutable at 49 per cent.

Paragraph 124, in regard to wire, after the words "sheet steel in strips," is added the clause "made from wire or wire rods smaller than No. 6 wire gauge."

gauge."

Paragraph 210 is changed to read "herrings, pickled, frozen or saited, and sait-water fish and salmon fresh, frozen or packed in ice, one-half of I cent per pound," the words "salmon fresh" being inserted.

neerted.

Paragraph 27 changed to read "plums, prunes figs, raisins, dried grapes and Zante currants," instead of "plums, prunes, figs, raisins and other dried grapes, including Zante currants."

Paragraph 28 to read "countis, sweetmeats and fruits preserved in sugar, syrup, spirits or molasses, not specially provided for in this act, prepared or desiccated cocoanut and copra and jellies of all kind, 39 per cent ad valorem," the word "spirits" being inserted and "or copra" changed to "and copra."

"spirits being inserted and "orchids, lily of the val-ley, azealas, palms and other plants chiefly used for forcing under glass for cut flowers and decorative purposes, 10 per cent ad valorem," the word "chiefly"

eing inserted.

Paragraph 4R to read "ginger ale or ginger beer, of per cent ad valorem," the clause "but no separate radditional duty shall be assessed on the bottles" eing stricken out.

Paragraph 233, relating to cords, braids, lacings, tc., "spindle binding" is changed to "spindle band-"."

ing."
Paragraph 26 to read "hemp, hackled or dressed in any manner, I cent per pound" instead of "hemp, hackled, known as dressed linen, I cent per

"hemp, hackled, known as dressed lines, I cent per pound."

Paragraph 288, which reads "cables, cordage and twine texcept binding twine), composed in whole or in part of New-Zealand hemp, etc.," the words "in whole or in part" are stricken out.

Paragraph 276, relating to laces, edgings, em-broideries, etc., at 50 per cent, "embroidered wear-ing apparel and textile fabrics" is inserted. Paragraph 208, relating to lithographic prints from stone or zine: "zine" is stricken out and "metal" is inserted. This is to meet a new condition, which has resulted from the use of aluminum instead of zine.

zinc.

Paragraph 321 to read "dolls, dolls' heads, toy marbles, of whatever material composed, and all other toys composed of rubber, china, porcelain, parlan, bisque, earthen or stoneware, at 25 per cent," the clause, "and not specially provided for in this act" being stricken out.

Paragraph 328—Feathers, downs, ctc., at 25 per cent, insert "all" so as to read, "and all artificial and ornamental feathers."

Paragraph 401, which now reads "birds and land and water fowl," is changed to "birds and wild land and water fowls, dead or alive."

Paragraph 410, enumerating the books, etc., which may be imported free, the following is stricken out: "And scientific books and periodicals devoted to original scientific research."

To paragraph 431, "catgot, whipgut, or wormgut, unmanufactured, and not further manufactured than in strings or cords," the following is added: "not including strings for musical instruments."

Paragraph 443, "coal tar, crude, and all preparations except medicinal coal tar preparations and products of coal tar, not colors or dyes, not specially provided for in this act," is changed to read "coal tar, crude, and all coal tar products and preparations not colors or dyes, except medicinal coal tar preparations, not specially provided for in this act."

Paragraph 465. Sinke and sort onto the colors of the colors

Spring Is Coming

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Hood's Pills act barmoniously with Hood's

ONE OF THE NEEDS OF LIFE TO A CLERGYMAN.

"Pond's Extract is a familiar and constant, tried friend with us; a household necessity." H. T. McEwen, Ph. D., D. D., Pastor Fourteenth Street Presbyterian Church, New York, October 23, 1894.

provision for "diamonds, cut but not set." This would take diamonds from the free list and put them on the dutiable list at 25 per cent.

Paragraph 481 now reads "Fish, frozen or packed in lee fresh." As recommended it will read: "Freshwater fish, frozen or packed in lee, and other freshwater fish not otherwise herein provided for." Paragraph 342, "magnesia, sulphate of, or Epsom salts" is stricken out, as they are also on the dutiable list at one-fifth of a cent per pound.

Numerous other changes are recommended, principally in punctuation and in striking out subhen is

pally in punctuation and in striking out subheads.

IN AND OUT OF CONGRESS. TRUTH OF THE REPORT THAT FRANCE

HAS INTERDICTED AMERICAN CATTLE. NOMINATIONS BY THE PRESIDENT-FOR A NA-TIONAL PARK AT APPOMATTOX-PATENT

ATTORNEYS DO NOT AGREE WITH HOKE SMITH-THE REVENUE

CUTTER SERVICE. Washington, Feb. 25.-United Press cable dispatches from Paris, published this morning, an-nouncing that France had been persuaded to join nouncing that France had been persuaded to join Germany in the retaliatory interdiction on the importation of American meats, are confirmed by the following official dispatch, received to-day from Henry Vignaud, Secretary of the American Embassy

United States Embassy,
Paris, February 25, 1826.
A decree of the Minister of Agriculture, published this morning, forbids the importation into France until further orders of cattle coming from the United States. Cattle shipped before February 24 will be admitted under certain restrictions.
VIGNAUD.

Ing the effect of the new rules of the road at sea until some future date, in accordance with the act of Congress approved on Saturday. In the proclamation it is stated that this action is taken at the request of Great Britain.

The President to-day sent to the Senate the fol-

lowing nominations:
Edmund A. Bigler, of Pennsylvania, to be Collector of Internal Revenue for the XXIIId District of Pennsylvania.

John W. Showalter, of Illinois, to be United States
Circuit Judge for the Seventh Judicial Circuit (Act
approved February 8, 1885).

Olin Wellborn, of California, to be United States
District Judge for the Southern District of Califor-

John W. Showaiter, nominated to be Judge of the Judicial Circuit, is a resident of Chicago and a man of about fifty years of age. He is acknowledged to be one of the ablest lawyers at the Bar. He tormerly filled an honorable place on the bench as one of the judges of a State Circuit Court. His nomination is indorsed by Mr. Culliom (Rep., Ili.), who says that it will reflect credit upon the State and the city.

Mr. Tucker, of Virginia, introduced in the House to-day (by request) the following joint resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs:

which was referred to the Commattee on Samary Affairs:

Resolved, That the President is requested to appoint and constitute Generals Fitzhugh Lee, of Virginia; John B. Gordon, of Georgia; Joseph Wheeler, of Alabama; James Tanner, of New-York, and William Howard Mills, of Maine, an Appomation National Park Commission, and cause the detail of a competent engineer officer of the army and such enlisted men of that corps as he may deem meessary to assist said commission in surveying and preparing a map of the grounds upon which the troops of the armies of the Potomac and Northern Virginia were stationed when hostilities between those-sames ceased in April, 1885, and the routes travelled from Richmond and vicinity; said commission to prepare and cause to be presented to the next Congress a hill for the establishment of a National Park at Appomation Vez, stating the approximate cost of the proposed pirchase; said commission to be reimbursed for necessary travelling expenses at the rate of 10 cents per mile travelled by shortest mail routes and 340 per diem each for time necessarily devoted to such duties, to be paid with other necessary expenses from any means in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated upon vouchers certified to be correct by the secretary and approved by the president of the commission.

Patent attorneys from Chicago, New-York and nost of the large cities, including, of course, Washington, which is the home of numerous ex-Commisneys, are forwarding to the President remonstrances against the proposed removal of Judges R. L. B. Clarke, of Iowa, and H. H. Bates, of New-York, members of the Board of Examiners in Chief of the United States Patent Office. The resignation of these officials was recently requested by Secretary Hoke Smith, with the approval cas it was members of the Board of Examiners in Chief of the United States Patent Office. The resignation do cents per gross; and other plain, green and colored, moulded or pressed, and flint and lime bottle glassware, 40 per cent ad valorem." And the following is added: "Provided that if any of the articles named in this paragraph shall be imported filled, the same shall pay duty, in addition to any duty chargeable upon contents as if not filled, unless otherwise specially provided for in this act."

To paragraph 28, "spectacles, eyeglasses, goggles, opera glasses and other optical instruments and frames for the same," is added "all the foregoing except lenses wholly or partly manufactured" dutable at 49 per cent.

Paragraph 124, in regard to wire, after the words "sheet steel in strips," is added the clause "made from wire or wire rods smaller than No. 6 wire gauge."

Paragraph 210 is changed to read "herrings pickled, frozen or packed in lee, one-half of 1 cent per pound," the words "salmon fresh frozen or packed in lee, one-half of 1 cent per pound," the words "salmon fresh" being inserted.

The Committee on Commerce of the Senatbrough Senator Frye, has reported an amendment o the Naval Appropriation bill, providing for the appointment of a board of three surgeons of the Marine Hospital Service, to examine and repor-upon all officers of the Revenue Cuiter Service who, by reason of infirmities of age, or physical or mental disability, have become incapacitated effiiently to perform the duties of their respective of ciently to perform the duties of their respective offices, and further providing that such officers reported as incapacitated shall be placed on "waiting orders" out of the line of promotion, the vacancies thereby created to be filled by promotion of officers in the order of seniority, as now provided by law. This provision has been recommended for the last twenty years by Secretaries Boutwell, Sherman, Folger, Windom, Manning and Carlisle, and, on Saturday, the latter addressed a letter to Senator Cockrell, chairman of the Senate Committee on Appropriations, earnestly urging that said amendment be incorporated in the Navai Appropriation bill, as recommended by the Committee on Commerce. A bill making similar provisions has been bitterly fought in the House, and repeatedly defeated, the last occasion being only a few days ago.

Mr. Meyer (Dem., La.) to-day submitted to the House a report on several petitions, received by th Naval Affairs Committee from various medical as the personnel of the Navy, on the ground that its passage will "degrade" and "disorganize" the Medi-cal Corps of the Navy. Mr. Meyer gives a history of the preparation of the Personnel bill, and say that, in the opinion of the committee, it is distinctly favorable to the medical officers now in the service. He adds that the bill presented by the service. He adds that the bill presented by the Surgeon-General provided for a change of thise. The House bill adopts the new titles suggested, with the exception of that, of Medical Director-General for the head of the corps, retaining the present title of Surgeon-General, and, in addition, it retains the title of assistant surgeon at the foot of the corps, The bill does not adopt the distribution of titles as suggested with increased rank. Such action would place the jumior commissioned officers in the Medical Corps one grade higher in rank than the jumior commissioned officers of the line, Pay, Engineer or Marine Corps. The joint sub-committee failed to see any reason for making this distinction.

MORE DEMOCRATIC EXTRAVAGANCE. Washington, Feb. 25 (Special).—Chairman Sayers and Messra, Holman and Dockery seem to be utterly unable to check the majority of this Demoeratic House of Representatives in what they regard as its career of wild and mad extravagance. They had hoped that when the members were brought to face the necessity of having their votes recorded on the proposition to give an "extra month's pay" to all the employes of the House, coupled with a proposition to vote themselves \$100 apiece on ac-count of alleged clerical services for their personal count of alleged clerical services for their personal benefit after the expiration of this Congress and of their respective terms of service, the action of the Committee o. the Whole (in which the votes cast by members are not matters of record) would be reversed. Never were Democratic "economists" worse mistaken or more grievously disappointed. The advocates of the "grab" faced the music like the brave patriots they are, and boldly voted—143 to 198-to confirm the action of the Committee of the Whole. It was a Waterloo for the "economists."

A SUCCESSFUL OFFICE HUNT.

Washington, Feb. 25 (Special).—The nomination by the President to-day of Olin Wellborn to be United States District Judge for the Southern Dis-trict of California marks the end of one of the most successful office-hunting expeditions of recent times. Some eight years ago Mr. Wellborn, who had served several terms in Congress as a Repre-

sentative from the State of Texas, was retired to private life by his constituents. He then emigrated to California and fixed his residence at Los Angeles. where he engaged in the practice of law. A few months ago he came to Washington, where he found his friend and former collengue Judge Culberson at the head of the Committee on Judiciary of the House of Representatives. He succeeded in getting House of Representatives. He succeeded in getting the chairman interested in a bill providing for the appointment of an additional Circuit Judge in the North Circuit, where there were already two such Judges, and he was active and induential in programs; the promotion to the new office of United States District Judge Bresking M. Ross, of the States District Judge Bresking Mr. Wellbern was noningaled to the vacancy caused by the promotion of Judge Hoss. Surely President Cleveland cannot be fairly accused of procrastination in this case, and Mr. Wellborn is to be congratulated upon the strength of his 'pull."

SUNDRY CIVIL BILL CONSIDERED. THE SENATE DISPOSES OF ALL BUT THE GORMAN

3 PER CENT DEBT CERTIFICATE AMENDMENT. Washington, Feb. 5.-A conference report on District Appropriation bill was presented to the Senate to-day by Mr. Gorman (Dem., Md.), and explained. The Senate conferrees, he said, had receded from \$35,000 of the additions made to the bill by the Schate; still retaining, however, \$741,144 in addition to the \$5,332,107 contained in the bill as it came from the House. One of the items of disagreement was the appropriation of \$8,500 for the firemen and police relief fund. This was objected to by the House conferrees on the misobjected to by the House a "civil pension" fund, taken idea that it was a "civil pension" fund, whereas it was made up from fines, etc. Other items of disagreement were appropriations for antitoxin, for the erection of a smallpox hospital near the jail, and for a report on the water tun-The Senate conferrees would not, he said,

Senate voted to insist further on the amendments Mr. Cockrell (Dem., Mo.), chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, made a statement as to the prevent condition of the appropriation bills and as to the necessity for holding night sessions.

on the calendar now there were, he said, the Sun-try Civil Appropriation bill and the Legislative Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill. The Naval Appropriation bill would be received from the House to-day or to-morrow, and the Deficiency bill probably to-day. These bills would need as se and rapid attention as the Senate could give m. He asked that the Senate take a recess fo-y from 6 till 8 p. m., and continue the session

t the suggestion of Mr. Manderson (Rep., b., that there were too few Senators present nake such an agreement, the matter went over late in the day. te in the day

Schale then proceeded to the consideration

Schale (Vid Appropriation bill (consisting
printed pages). The rule of considering it
as in other appropriation bills, to read the
extense, and to act on the amendments reity the Committee on Appropriations as they
tead in the bill independent amendments

stated by the opponents of the measure as count equal to the purchase money.

r. Gray (bein, Del.), who had introduced the posttion in the first instance, addressed the ate in advocacy of it. He was not disposed, said, to discard sentiment in deniing with the tier of public buildings in Washington. His cally, that portion of the city (Lafayette Square its surroundings) was dedicated to the Governie and it would be aimost a deserration to

Mo.), chairman of the Commit iniments of such an institution.

Amendments resporting a complete and perfectled and perfectled account of the such distribution of the committee amendment slightly model.

Pakota, South Dakota, Idaho coast of none of the buildings site, \$120,000

DESOLUTIONS REPORT THE BROOKLYN BOARD OF ALDERMEN

The meeting of the Brooklyn Board of Aldermer yesterday was productive of more ordinances hos-tile to the electric companies. Alderman Colson, of esolutions providing that cars shall come to a standstill at all crossings and remain "stationary until safety is assured"; also prohibiting motormet from talking, and providing that a speed indicator visible to passengers be placed in each car. The resolutions were laid over for two weeks.

The following resolutions were presented and referred to the Railroad Committee:

ann Hess's resolution opposing the Lexow consolito fay it on the table, but his motion was jost

Special half-hour noonday services for business men and others will be held every Friday in Lent n St. Paul's Chapel (Broadway and Vesey-st.). consisting of the litany, hymns and a brief ad-1 and 8, will be especially designed for boys-office-boys, newsboys, messenger boys and others. Those having boys in their employmen will confer a favor by permitting and encouragin them to attend all these services, especially those head on the first two Fridays. The services wi-heal promptly at 12% p. m., and last only one half hour

Dr. George Henry Fox lectured before the County Medical Society last night on hereditary diseases not diseases of the skin. He illustrated his le-

The hall of the Academy of Medicine was well filles). After the lecture there was a series of five-minute discussions and then a supper was served in the dining-room.

Citicura

THE CREAT

SKIN CURE

Works wonders in curing torturing, disfiguring, diseases of the skin and scalp, and especially baby humors

Currents Remetiers are of the atmost parity and deficacy, and appearably appeal to the reflaced in every community.

THE BIG FIGHT IS ON.

BUILDING TRADES WILL SUPPORT THE ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS.

EACH SIDE WATCHING THE OTHER-JOSEPHINE SHAW LOWELL APLEALS FOR ARBITRATION ...

"The fight is now on for fair!" said a man promi nent in labor affairs last night. "Both sides have been shilly-shallying along for more than a week. waiting, like Micawber, for something to turn up. he continued, "each side has been wait ing for the other side to give in, but nothing apparently has come of it. Of course, the Board of Walking Delegates ordered a few strikes, but it

sympathy with the electrical workers in the latters'

demand for an eight-hour workday than anything About all the organizations interested in the strike held meetings yesterday. The electrical men were in session all day at their headquarters, No. 37 Clinton Place, anxiously awaiting the news of what their opponents were doing. They also heard ports from the pickets at the buildings on which men had been called out. It was reported that not a single man had gone back to work and no non-union men had been hired to take the plate

Master Workman Hoadley, of the Electrical Workrs' Association, yesterday received the following etter from Josephine Shaw Lowell:

Dear Sir: I am relieved to hear that the electrical workers consider that they have kept the promise made in their name, by deferring action until the expiration of the agreement. I must however, say that I think they were very unwise to refuse the proposal of the contractors to adopt the eight-hour day on May 15. The fact that the proposal was the result of the efforts of the Master Builders' Association to bring about a settlement showed that it was a concession, and it should have been accepted as a great victory for the brotherhood.

he brotherhood.

I wish you had felt enough confidence in the oard of Mediation to have asked its advice and increention, for I feel sure the whole matter could ave been easily settled. Is it too late now? Cau on not persuade the brotherhood to ask the board of the country of to consider and decide the question? Truly yours
JOSEPHINE SHAW LOWELL.

The board the writer refers to is that of the New-York Council of Mediation and Arbitration, of which she is a member. Seth Low, president of Columbia College, and the Rev. Dr. Rainsford

After receiving the letter, Master Workman Hoadley said the electrical workers were still will-ing to arbitrate, and that they would welcome the help of Mrs. Lowell and her colleagues to bring such arbitration about. Mrs. Lowell also called during the day at the strikers' headquarters. She also sent a liter of the same tenor as the fore-going to President Strong, of the Electrical Contractors' Association, President Strong said the association could take action on the letter at its meeting to-day.

J. L. Baker, architect of the Presbyterian Misdons' new building, now under construction, also called at the strikers' headquarters yesterday. Richard J. Anslow, chairman of the Strike Com-

that Mr. Baker examined the records of the Elec-trical Workers' Association in reference to the leter of notification sent to Secretary Eidlitz, of the Electrical Contractors' Association, and afterward anid that he thought the strikers were in the right. matter to him. The most important meeting of the day was that of the Association of Building Trades at the club-

house, No. 117 East Twenty-third-st. The associaion, it was conceded, could have practically conits action yesterday necessarily prolongs the strike. President Strong, of the Electrical Contractors' Association, gave out the following as the result of the meeting

The electrical contractors had left everything in the hands of the Association of Building Trades, which, at its meeting, just concluded, passed a resolution stating that its considered the proposition of the electrical contractors to grant the men

When asked what action the electrical contractors would take to end the strike, President Strong said that they would not hire non-union men, but said that they would not hire non-union men, our would swait the course of affairs. As to what action the Association of Building Trades would take President Strong said he did flot know.

The Strike Committee of the Board of Walking Desegates held a meeting yesterday at No. 137 East Pfifty-inith-st Chairman Anslow said that no more Fifty-ninth-st. Chairman Anslow said that no more strikes were ordered yesterday, because the committee thought enough had been ordered to win the fight. The committee was evidently waiting for the result of the Association of Building Trades meeting. As the latter inforced the action of the contractors it was said hat night that the Strike Committee would order the men out on twenty.

ARMY AND NAUY NOTES.

Washington, Feb. 25 (Special).-The following naval orders were issued to-day; Assistant Surgeon A. W. Dugan detached from the Naval Laboratory Brooklyn, and ordered to the Vermont, relieving Assistant Surgeon Kindleberger, detached and ordered to the Norfolk Naval Hospital us the re-

hief of Assistant Surgeon Farenhold, ordered to the flagship Baltimore, Asiatic Station.

The President has approved the examination for promotion in the cases of the following officers: Assistant Naval Constructor Capps, Lieutenant J. R. Selfridge, Ensign W. L. Howard and Lieutenant John E. Craven.

The following officers will report to Lieutenant-Colonel John N. Andrews, 25th Infantry, president of the Examining Board appointed to meet at Fort Leavenworth for examination as to their fitness for promotion, and on the conclusion of their examinaions will return to their proper stations; Captain harles F. Robe, 25th Infantry; Second Lieutenant ter C. Harrie, 19th Infantry; Second Lieutenant Munroe McFarland, 21st Infantry; Second Lieuten ant William T. Wilder, 19th Infantry; Second Lieu ant William T. Wilder, 19th Infantry; Second Lieu-tenant William H. Wilhelm, 19th Infantry; Second Lieutenant Wilham R. Sample, 1th Infantry. The extension of leave of absence granted Cap-tain Theophius W. Morrison, 19th Infantry, is further extended one month, First Lieutenant Julius A. Penn, 2d Infantry, is detailed as recorder of the Examining Board appointed to meet at Omaha, vice First Lieutenant Henry H. Benham, quartermaster, et Infantry, relieved.

First Lieutenant Henry H, Bennam, quartermasser, 21 Infantry, relieved.

The War Department has been informed of the death from pneumonia of Second Licutenant W. Markland, LTh Infantry, at Fort Robinson, Neb. This officer was promoted from the ranks about

Markiand, Eth Infantry, at Fort Robinson, Neb. This officer was promoted from the ranks about two years ago.

The cruiser Alert sailed from La Libertad to-day for San Jose de Guatemala, where she will remain pending the adjustment of the Mexican-Guatemala boundary question.

The new naval drydock at Port Royal was tested on Saturday with highly sitisfactory results. The official telegram to the Navy Department declares the pumps and calsson leave nothing to be desired. This is the first completed of the three big docks that are capable of holding battleships, the others being at Puget Sound and Brooklyn.

A board consisting of Rear-Admirais Greer, Walker and Brown met at the Navy Department to-day and qualified Commedore Kirkland, now commanding the European Station, for promotion to the vacancy in the rear-admiral's grade which will be caused by Admirai Greer's retirement on February 28. The board also found Captain F. V. McNair qualified for the grade of commodore to which he will be promoted on May 9, on the retirement of Commodore Rush Wallace consents to retire under the forty-year service law.

The cruiser Marblehead will sail from Norfolk on Thursday next for Gibraltar, where she will be attached to the European Squairon, taking the place of the Chicago as consort of the flagship San Francisco. The vessel has been fully completed since her stay at Binefields, where she was suddenly cent last summer in an unfinished condition. It is intended to keep her abroad for at least three years.

Bethlehem, Penn., Feb. 25.—The Bethlehem Iron Company to-day shipped the last of the side armor plates for the battleship Indiana. They were eighten for the pattleship Indiana.

Company to-day shipped the last of the side armo plates for the battleship Indiana. They were eigh teen inches thick and weighed nearly forty tons. The plate tested here a week ago has been shipped to the Indian Head proving-ground for a comparative test with the last Carnegie plate.

HIS FATHER GAVE HIM UP. Patrick L. Arnold, of No. 76 West Forty-fifth-st., appeared in the Jefferson Market Court yesterappeared in the Jefferson Market Court yester-day morning as complainant against his son Lucius, whom he accused of stealing a diamond pin from his sister Neille. The father is a busi-ness man with an office at No. 115 Broadway. "The boy is worthless," said the father. "Can you do nothing with him?" asked Justice

"No," said Mr. Arnold, "I can do nothing fur-No. Said Mr. Arnold, I can do nothing lift-ther. The boy has about broken our hearts. I have done everything a man can do to reclaim him, but my efforts were all useless. I know that he is utbriv good for nothing and prison is the best place for him."

The boy was held in \$1,900 bonds for the action of the Grand Jury. Caution—Rogers Silverware.

Thousands of sets of silver-plated spoons, &c., are sold as "Rogers" that were never inside of our factory. Our trade-mark is "1847 Rogers Bros." We have no responsibility for and do not guarantee goods marked "James Rogers," "Rogers & Taylor," or so-called "genuine Rogers" not stamped in full "1847 Rogers Bros."

Meriden Britannia Co.,

New York Salesrooms, 208 Fifth Avenue & 46 East 14th Street.

MES. JARLEY AND HER "FIGGERS."

THEY ENTERTAIN THEIR FRIENDS FOR THE BENEFIT OF A CHILDREN'S HOME. A "Mrs. Jarley's Wax Works" entertainment. under the direction of Miss Mary Selden McC was given yesterday afternoon at Association Hall, Fourth-ave, and Twenty-third-st., for the benefit of St. Christopher's Home for Children. The home is under Methodist Episcopal management. It is supported entirely by voluntary contributions. In 1890 the home was established at No. 212 West Fiftieth-st., but since then it has been removed to Dobbs Ferry, where four cottages are occupied by children between the ages of two and ten years. A fifth cottage was completed, but remains closed for lack of funds, which are greatly needed. The en-tertainment in aid of the home will be repeated

A large number of historical, miscellaneous and classical characters were represented yesterday. Mrs. Jarley's two assistants, supposedly from Brooklyn, performed their parts to the infinite delight of the children present, although Mrs. Ja: ley herself constantly deplored their pidity and awkwardness," it seemingly being their fell purpose to "run her down" at every opportunity. The "figgers" also seemed to come under the ban of displeasure, and were allowed to tumble over each other in amusing confusion.

The "cowboy," whose wild face and ferocious manner were said to resemble the American disposition, placid in outward appearance but turbulent within, received several hard knocks, and his difficulty with the floor was the cause at length of his being "turned to the wall." The flight of the "Puritan mailen" from the "Indian." "Sweet Alice" and "Ben Bolt" and the "Giggler" were particularly good, and received much applause.

Miss McCobb's impersonation of Mrs. Jarley was if anything better than when she last, was seen here. Many of her bright sayings were new.

RAILROAD INTERESTS.

TROUBLES OF A NEW ASSOCIATION. Chicago, Feb. 35.-Chairman Caldwell, of the Western Trunk Line Committee, to-day received notice from the Santa Fe that a reduction of \$2.50 on accond-class business out of Los Angeles to the East on one-way tickets will be made at once. The reason for the reduction is declared to be cuts made by other lines on the same kind of business roads accused deny making the cut, but the Santa announced will be made if necessary to meet the to pass on the action, is making a full investiga-If he finds it justified by the existing state of affairs, he will promulgate the rate to the other so meaning its expulsion from the association This would, however, demoralize the usefulness of the association, and would not be resorted to except in the absence of any other method of settling the matter. In the mean time, the cut bids fair to extend to first-class tickets, and California business to be thoroughly demoralized. It is claimed the Rio Grande Western, which is not yet

when the former will be asked to discipline the Grand Trunk for continuing to pay commissions on immigrant business at Canadian ports. In return for this favor, if it is granted, the Western lines will please themselves to refrain from paying commissions in the territory of their Eastern con-

a member of the Association, is also cutting rate

POUGHKEEPSIE BRIDGE SYSTEM AFFAIRS. Philadelphia, Feb 25 (Special).-A call will be issued within a few days for an adjourned meeting of the first mortgage bondholders of the Phila-delphia, Reading and New-England Railroad Comcommittee, but has failed to accomplish any definite result. The members of the old committee, who have made no suggestions whatever, are of the ground that their interests will be protecte lessee of the property, is reorganized. The Wilson committee is of a different opinion, believing that the reorganization of the Reading is not yet in Rridge bondholders by the Reading officials affords no encouragement for the future, and that the bridge system will have a far better outlook for husiness if divorced from the Reading than under any arrangement likely to be made for it under a reorganization of the latter.

THE SEAROARD AIR LINE BOYCOTT. Baltimore, Feb. 25 (Special).-President Hoffman that the relations between his company and the Southern Railway Company were strained, and that it looked as if the Southern were behind the the Southern Rallway and Steamship Association Mr. Hoffman is sure that the boycott will fail of its purpose, and denies in the most positive terms that his company disregarded the rates made Commissioner Stahlman. He also denies that the Scaboard company is after the Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

_ - -VIOLATING THEIR AGREEMENT.

Chicago, Feb. 25 - Eastbound shipments last week amounted to 58,316 tons, as against 49,738 for the preceding week, and 58,368 for the corresponding week last year. The increase is said to be due to the corresponding to the co to the fact that rates are being freely cut, and the Cleveland agreement set at naught. Shipments were divided as follows: Michigan Central, 6,099; Wabash, 5,214; Lake Shore, 4,693; Fort Wayne, 9,433; "Pan Handle," 10,499; Baltimore and Ohio, 3,991; Grand Trunk, 5,882; "Nickel Plate," 4,898; Erie, 6,789; "Big Four," 1,087.



AIR AND BEAUTIFUL

—the woman who keeps at a distance the complexion beautifiers, tance the complexion beautifiers, paints and powders, which soon ruin the face. A healthy glow to the skin, a face without wrinkles, and sparkling eyes, will be yours if you keep the system and the special internal organs in good condition. The young girl, or woman, often grows pale, wrinkled and thin, eats little, everything wearies her, she complains of herself as aching and sore and as sleeping poorly. Often she is troubled with backache, or a tender spine, with a bearing down weight in the abdomen, or at periods she may be irregular, or suffer extreme pain from functional derangements.

derangements.

Dr. Pierce, Chief Consulting Physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N.Y., in his long and active experience, met many cases of this kind, for which he wed a prescription which was found to cure such diffica, les permanently in ninety-eight per cent, of all cases. Having proven so successful, Dr. Pierce put his "Favorite Prescription" on the market, and it is to-day sold more largely than any other medicine for the ills of woman.

For all functional derangements, displacements, ulceration, inflammation, and the catarrhal drain from the lining membranes of the special internal organs of women. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription reaches the origin of the trouble, and corrects it.

the origin of the trouble, and correMrs. Mary Crim, of Frankfort.
Frankfin Co., Ill., writes: "A few
years ago I took cold, which resulted in female trouble, and affected
my whole system. About a year
ago, I took chills, had one or two a
month; they were very weakening.
Had pains in my sides, more frequently in left side; gradually grew
worse until, finally. I had to take
to bed. I had a bad cough and
couldn't rest. I commenced taking
your medicine, took it about four
months, taking seven bottles of.
Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription
and five of his: "Golden Medical
Discovery." My weight has increased, and I feel better and
stouter than I have for years."

CHILDREN TEETHING

REED & BARTON,

Silversmiths.

37 Union Square, N. Y., 13 MAIDEN LANE, N. Y.

Everything Desirable in Silverware at Rear

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS FOR THEIR CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING with perfect SUCCESS, II SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the BEST REMEDY FOR DIARRHOEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world.

Twenty-five Cents a Bottle.

AGAINST THE POLICE JUSTICES NOW

THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE WILL TRY TO FIND OUT WHERE THE BILL IS THAT CALLS FOR THEIR REMOVAL.

As announced in The Tribune on Sunday, there will be a special meeting of the Chamber of Com merce to-morrow, at 12:30 p. m., to petition the Legislature to pass without further delay the pending bill for the removal of the Police Justices and the reorganization of the criminal courts. call for the meeting was sent out yesterday by Alexander E. Orr, the president of the Chamber. It is expected that a bill for the reorganization of the Police Department may be presented for approval at the meeting. The bill is being drawn up by the Committee of Ten, appointed by Charles Stewart Smith as president of the Cooper Union The call for to-morrow's meeting of the Chamber of Commerce was sent out in response to the request conveyed in the appended

New-York, February 23, 1895.
Alexander E. Orr, President of the Chamber of

Alexander E. Orr. President of the Chamber of Commerce.

Dear Sir: The undersigned believing the administration of the lower criminal courts in this city to be a perversion of justice, an oppression of the poor and a scandal to the fair name of this city respectfully request that you will, at an early day, call a meeting of the Chamber for the purpose of petitioning the Legislature to pass, without further delay, a bill for the removal of the Police Justices of this city and the reorganization of that branch of our criminal procedure. Yours respectfully, Charles Stewart Smith, Cornelius N. Bliss, Algernon S. Friesell, James McCreery, Horace Porter, Gustav H. Schwab, R. M. Gallaway, Henry Hentz, Morris K. Jesup, Hugh N. Camp and Thomas B. Clarke.

Charles Stewart Smith said yesterday in refer-

Charles Stewart Smith said yesterday in reference to the meeting: "The bill of which we speak was introduced into both houses of the Legislature on January 16, and it is still hanging fire. meeting. The administration of our police courts is notoriously scandalous and corrupt. We want to get those police justices out of office as soon as possible, for we believe they are not fit to hold judicial positions. The Power of Removal bill, of course, does not apply to the justices; therefore, we will have to legislate the entire court out of existence; and if we are to be rid of it the only way to to have this bill passed."

LINDLEY M. FERRIS TO BE BURIED TO-DAY THE VICTIM OF SOUTHERN HATRED WILL REST IN POUGHKEEPSIE-HIS SON ILL.

IN NEW-ORLEANS. Lindley Murray Ferris, whose cowardly murder by Henry M. Payne was noted in The Tribune on February 14, will be buried in Poughkeepsie to-day. The murder of Mr. Ferris will be looked upon, even in Louisiana, as a dastardly and cowardly crime, He went to Louisiana, and by his industskill built up a business by which a large commu nity was benefited. He came North and interested friends who were capitalists in his scheme, and meant the success of his Southern neighbors, and in the cause. The commercial legislation of the on sugar, caused the business in which Mr. Ferris tracts made with planters could not be fulfilled. It was no fault of Mr. Ferris's, nor was he benefited by the turn which business had taken, but the Southern hatred toward the Northern man was aroused by the failure of the Northern man was iness, and a series of persecutions began which resulted in brutal attacks on Mr. Ferris's superintendent and in driving from the place David S. Ferris, Mr. Ferris's son.

suited in ordinal attacks on Mr. Ferris's superintendent and in driving from the place David S. Ferris, Mr. Ferris's son.

Mr. Ferris's son.

Not satisfied with this, Henry M. Payne went to the office of Mr. Ferris one day, and, after using vile and threatening language, drew a pistol, and without cause or provocation shot him.

Mr. Ferris was a member of the Society of Friends, and never carried a weapon. He was a man of peace, and never sought or provoked a man of peace, and never sought or provoked a quarrel, and his murder was a severe blow to his friends, of whom he had hosts. David S. Ferris, when he heard of the attack made on his father, hurried to the scene from New-Orleans, and was with him till the end, but the shock prostrated him and he was unable to accompany the body North. He is ill in New-Orleans now.

The frequent miscarriage of justice in the Southern States, and the difficulty with which a verdict of sullity is secured against a Southern man who may have insulted, robbed or even killed a Northern man, makes the friends of Mr. Ferris fear that the cowardly assassin, Payne, will not be brought to justice. Everything will be done, however, to secure his conviction.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

FAIR AND COLDER TO-DAY.

ssure extends from the East Gulf to Lake Superior and an area of high pressure appears to Lake Supring of the Middle Pacific Coast. Light snow has failen in the lower lake region and light rain in the middle slope. The temperature has risen in the Northwest, the Atlante and Guif States and the Ohie Valley, and has generally falled DETAILED FORECAST FOR TO-DAY. Maine, New-Hampshire and Vermont, rain or snow;

For Eastern New-York, fair, except showers in northern outlon, colder, northwest winds. For the District of Columbia, Eastern Pennsylvania, New-Jersey, Delaware, Maryland and Virigina, fair, oeder, northwest winds.

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.



Tribune Office, Feb. 26, 1 a. m.-The weather yesterday was cloudy early in the day, but cleared later on. The temperature ranged between 44 and 27 degrees, the average (30%) being 13% higher than on Sunday and 22% higher than oneshe corresponding day last year.

The weather to-day is likely to be fair and colder.

At leignam from Mr. Geo. C. Filht, the large furniture dealer, of West 23d-st., who is now in Florida, says: "Keep the men who were at work on the Presbyterian Mission Building employed at the 19th-st. factory." These men being forced to quit work on account of the strike, this firm have decided to rut their factory to its utmost capacity and place the samples in their 23d-st. atmost capacity and place the samples in their 23d-st.

Right Kind of Charity.

warercoms at the cost of production.

During the panic of 1893 this firm kept their men ployed in the Manhattan Life Insurance Build